QUARTER 1				
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES	
	rstand and apply media, techniques, and processes. mowledge of structures and functions.			
Procedures	Demonstrate developmentally appropriate care for tools, media and workspaces.	Demonstrate procedures consistently.	State of Tennessee Visual Arts Curriculum Standards, Partnership for 21st Century Skills Common Core Toolkit	
<ul> <li>Line Recognition/Line Use</li> <li>Types of Lines/Line Recognition</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Closing Lines to Make Shapes</li> </ul>	Identify lines that make shapes.         Create lines and shapes with bodies, say the line names.         Identify lines in the classroom and in art examples.	Pre instruction: sketch of simple lines, minimum 4. Post instruction: drawing using lines, minimum 4. Students will demonstrate knowledge of: • Thick/ thin • Wavy/ curvy • Zig zag • Horizontal/ vertical • Interrupted or dotted • Parallel/ converging • Contour • Types (curved, straight, curved, wavy, dotted, zig-zag, dotted) • Characteristics (thick, thin, short, etc.) • Directions (diagonal, vertical, horizontal, spiral) Identify tools (markers, pencils, crayons, brushes) that make various lines.	Literary Link: An assortment of element related story books such as: Lines That Wiggle by Candace Whitman The Dot by Peter H. Reynolds Prints: Still Life with Cherries, Picasso Tranquility, Gasser The Camel, Picasso Websites: K-12 Art Screener - http://pinterest.com/pin/191403052886056529/ All About Lines-Video http://10000pages.blogspot.com/2009_07_01_ archive.html Curious Corner http://www.artic.edu/aic/education/CC/ interactive website (click on 'match up') to match sounds, shapes and textures to art.	

	QUARTER 1					
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES			
			Getty Museum overview of the elements of art with art examples of each http://www.getty.edu/education/teachers/buildin g_lessons/formal_analysis.htmll			
<ul> <li>Feelings, Moods and Shapes</li> <li>Line Closure</li> <li>Geometric Shapes in Objects</li> <li>Square</li> <li>Triangle</li> <li>Oval</li> <li>Circle</li> <li>Free-form</li> </ul>	Practice drawing and cutting shapes. Create a line drawing while listening to music to show a feeling, mood or emotion with direction, types, movement, and shapes etc.	Post-instructional composition using lines and shapes. Photos of emerging, proficient, and advanced examples of final product. Provide pre and post-instructional assessments.	Prints:         Carnival, Miro         Untitled – Dancing Yellow, Haring         Chelsea IV, Olsen         Literary Link:         Where A Line Bends A Shape Begins by         Rhonda Gowler Greene         The Cat and the Bird(Inspired by Paul Klee) by         Geraldine Elschner         Book:         Thinking With A Line, Cathy Weisman Topal			
<ul> <li>Objects and Shapes</li> <li>Shape-to-Form</li> <li>Shape Identification</li> </ul>	Using a marker/crayon, create a composition that demonstrates the understanding that line closure creates simple geometric shapes: • Circle • Oval • Square • Rectangle • Triangle	Post-instructional composition(s) using shapes and/or forms.	<b>Prints:</b> <i>Desserts</i> , Wayne Thiebaud <i>Lyle</i> , Close			

	QUAR	ITER 1	
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
	Create a composition that demonstrates the understanding that line closure creates free form and organic shapes (clouds, leaves, trees, flowers).		
	Identify simple shapes in forms of objects: • Cookie/circle • Face/oval • House/square • Book/rectangle • Ice cream cone/triangle Use body to create lines and shapes		
	<ul> <li>Classify shapes and forms into categories:</li> <li>Geometric vs. Free Form</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>3-D vs. 2-D</li> </ul>		
CREATE: Standard 3 Students will choose	and evaluate a range of subject matter, symbols, a	nd ideas.	
Construct Compositional planning	Create a landscape drawing by transforming simple shapes into forms. Learn how to use a variety of tools (paint brushes, scissors, glue sticks, etc.)	Post/post drawn evidence that demonstrates circles, squares, rectangles, triangles, and ovals transformed into forms like houses, trees, animals, dinosaurs and people.	Website: Art for Kids http://kids.usa.gov/grown-ups/art/index.shtml

	QUARTER 1				
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES		
	and the visual arts in relation to history and culture ct upon and assess the characteristics and merits o				
Historical Connections	Explore contexts of exemplary artwork.	Retell how viewing a piece of art in person is different from seeing a reproduction.			
Historical Connections	Know that often there is a connection between the subject of a work art and the process/materials used to create it. Express how/where we live affects the art we make. Express how/when we live affects the art we make.	Pre/Post or Post/Post discussions or teacher selected art from different times, cultures, and places.			
Elements of Critique	Reflect on learning experiences. Share thoughts and listen to the thoughts of others.	Participate in a Group critique, self- critique/reflection OR making historical/cultural references such as a Gallery Walk critique.	Exemplary artworks		
CONNECT: Standard 6 Students will make c	onnections between visual arts and other discipline	s.			
CCSS.Math.Practice.MP4 Model with mathematics.	Identify and describe shapes. Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes.	Drawn evidence that demonstrates circles, squares, rectangles, triangles, and ovals transformed into forms like houses, trees, animals, dinosaurs and people.			
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.K.6	With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story.	Recorded evidence of students identifying the name and purpose of an author and illustrator.			

QUARTER 2				
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES	
	tand and apply media, techniques, and processes. pwledge of structures and functions.	-		
<ul> <li>Texture qualities and textural rubbings</li> <li>Textures in the environment</li> </ul>	Touch and compare textures of items found in the classroom and in nature.	Verbal evidence that demonstrates understanding and identification/description of textures in art prints, nature, and/or man-made environments.	Prints:         Still Life and Blossoming Almond Trees, Diego         Rivera         Untitled Box Number 3, Samara         Violin and Candlestick, Braque         Websites:         Getty Museum overview of the elements of art         with art examples of each         http://www.getty.edu/education/teachers/buildin         g_lessons/formal_analysis.html         A collection of objects showing texture such as seashells, feathers, yarn, sandpaper, pinecones, driftwood, keys, etc.	
Pattern, Motif and Rhythm	Identify ordered/random patterns in selected fabrics, wallpaper or wrapping paper designs; rhythm, movement and harmony in patterns. Listen to music during discussion and identify rhythms. (e.g. clap rhythms) Identify types of patterns. Understand the meaning of the terms print and printing as they are used in art. Create ordered (sequential) and random patterns.	Participate in clapping rhythms. Identify types of patterns. Understand the meaning of the terms print and printing as they are used in art. Use audio recordings, in conjunction with the hands-on assignment, to assess students understanding of the design principles through interview/guided questioning.	Prints:         Green Coca-Cola Bottles, Warhol         Literary Link:         Pattern Fish by Trudy Harris         The Pottery Place by Gail Gibbons         Websites:         http://www.zefrank.com/snowflake         an interactive website for creating 2-D, 3-D and rotating snowflake patterns.	

	QUARTER 2					
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES			
CREATE: Standard 3 Students will choose	and evaluate a range of subject matter, symbols, a	ind ideas.				
Construct Compositional Planning	Create patterns using: <ul> <li>Stamps</li> <li>Gadgets to create repeated patterns</li> <li>Different types of patterns to create a collage</li> </ul>	Pre/post instructional evidence of ordered and/or random patterns.	Websites: Eric Carle Museum http://www.carlemuseum.org/studioblog/?tag=p rintmaking-with-kds			
Investigate/Reflect Compositional Planning	Create art using inspiration from another source.	Pre/post or post/post verbal identification of connection between created art and inspiration.	Websites: Goshen College http://www.goshen.edu/art/ed/quest4o.htm#me aning			
	and the visual arts in relation to history and culture of upon and assess the characteristics and merits of					
Historical Connections	Discuss textures and patterns, subject matter, symbols and ideas in exemplary artwork.	Create a pre and post instructional graphic organizer that identifies the following in work by historic and/or contemporary artists.	Exemplary works such as Adire Elenka prints, Images of Yoruba Adire cloth.			
Historical Connections	Define history as the story of the past.	Verbal evidence of students defining history as a story of the past (e.g. give reason to support why a work of art works like it came from the past).				
CONNECT: Standard 6 Students will make co	CONNECT: Standard 6 Students will make connections between visual arts and other disciplines.					
<b>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.R.7</b> Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. <sup>1</sup>	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts)	Verbal or illustrated evidence of students relating how an illustration is related to the action of a story (e.g. identify what action is; Identify how elements and principles describe the action.)				

	QUARTER 3				
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES		
	and and apply media, techniques, and processes. wledge of structures and functions.				
Primary and Secondary Colors	Identify the Primary Colors. Identify the Secondary Colors and demonstrate how to mix them. Learn how to write, say and spell color names. Identify your favorite color and tell how it makes you feel.	<ul> <li>Written and/or drawn list of primary and secondary colors.</li> <li>Art created with a variety of material (crayons, markers, watercolor, tempera, etc.) that demonstrates use of primary and secondary colors.</li> <li>Take photos of emerging, proficient, and advanced examples of final product. Provide pre and post-instructional assessments.</li> </ul>	Literary Links: Mouse Paint by Ellen Stoll Walsh Eating the Alphabet, Lois Elhert In the Ocean,Claire Henley Oceans, Christine Ward Smokey Night, Eve Bunting Book: Children and Painting, Topal		
Tints and Shades	Practice mixing tints and shades. Create a composition using tints and shades.	Art created with a variety of material (crayons, markers, watercolor, tempera, etc.) that demonstrates use of tints and shades.	Print: Capriccio Musicale, Baranoff-Rossine, Le Gourmet, Picasso		
Processes	Experiment with processes (mono-print, mixed media, multi-step directions, etc.).	KWL chart to assess what students know, want to know and learned about processes.			
	and evaluate a range of subject matter, symbols, a		Γ		
Investigate Compositional Planning	Select colors for a work of art.	Pre/post or post/post drawing, painting, collage, etc. that demonstrates color selections.	Website: Eric Carle http://www.eric-carle.com/bb-HRFnotes.html		

	QUAF	RTER 3	
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
	and the visual arts in relation to history and culture ct upon and assess the characteristics and merits o		
Historical Connections	Recognize that art comes from different cultures, times and places through introduction of exemplary artworks.	Participation in a Visual Thinking Strategies (VTS) discussion of selected artwork.	Exemplary artworks
Historical Connections	Understand that artists worldwide have expressed their subject matter, symbols and ideas in others artwork for thousands of years.	Use of communication to: <ul> <li>identify subject matter</li> <li>identify symbols</li> <li>decipher meaning in a work of art</li> </ul>	Exemplary artworks
CONNECT: Standard 6 Students will make co	onnections between visual arts and other discipline	is.	
Line Types and Shapes	Identify and discuss line types and shapes made from closing lines in classroom, our bodies, and the outside world.	Recorded evidence of students discussing line types and shapes.	Interdisciplinary Connections:         Science: observing lines and shapes in our natural and human made environments (i.e., weather, plant and animal life), parts-to-whole, structures in human anatomy         Math: geometric shapes, directional words: diagonal, vertical, horizontal, parallel lines, line closure to create shapes, parts to whole
Subject Matter	Identify and discuss aspects of subject matter, like weather, lines and shapes in the environment.	Graphic organizer of weather, lines and shapes.	Science: observing lines and shapes in our natural and human made environments (i.e., weather, plant and animal life), parts-to-whole, structures in human anatomy

QUARTER 3				
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES	
Civilizations	Identify exemplary artwork from different cultures, times, and places.	Verbal or written evidence of students' identification of art.	Social Studies: line used by early civilizations as tools of communication (i.e. Lascaux)	
Movement	Identify connections between visual art and physical education.	Participate in game "Follow Me." Follow teacher on a masking tape path around the room that has curved, straight, zigzag, and broken/ dotted lines. Volunteer to come to the board to draw lines from the path. Draw the lines in the air with fingers.		
CCSS.Math.Practice.MP6 Attend to precision.	CCSS.Math.Content.K.MD.A.2 Directly compare two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has "more of"/"less of" the attribute, and describe the difference.	Demonstrate mixing secondary colors, tints, and shades using appropriate quantities of selected media (paint, markers, etc.).		

	QUARTER 4				
K	NOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES	
PERFORM:		and and apply media, techniques, and processes. wledge of structures and functions.			
Space		Create a landscape using overlapping and shrinking (diminishing size).	Pre and post instructional drawing demonstrating use of overlapping shapes, foreground/background, and horizon line in an artwork. Take photos of emerging, proficient, and advanced examples of final product. Provide pre and post-instructional assessments.	Prints:         The Starry Night, Vincent Van Gogh         American Gothic, Grant Wood         Websites:         Getty Museum overview of the elements of art with art examples of each         http://www.getty.edu/education/teachers/buildin         g_lessons/formal_analysis.html         Getty Museum overview of the principals of design with art examples of each         http://www.getty.edu/education/teachers/buildin         g_lessons/formal_analysis.html	

	QUAR	RTER 4	
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
Form 3-Dimensional Forms	Explore the idea of 'in the round' by building a sculpture out of found objects with something on all sides	Verbal evidence and photos of correct identification of 2-dimensional and 3- dimensional images and objects in classroom. Provide pre/post-instructional assessments	Prints: Painted Storage Jar, Yangshou Culture Plant, Louise Nevelson Little Dancer aged 14, Edgar Degas
	Create a mask (recognize differences between 2D shapes and 3D forms by making a mask out of paper that starts out flat but becomes 3D by cutting, folding and adding more pieces of	Demonstrate an understanding that clay pots and other containers were used in households around the world.	
	paper).	Demonstrate an understanding of form recognition:	
	Create a clay pot with pattern	<ul> <li>Basic shapes in sculptures and "in the round" concept</li> </ul>	
		• 2-D vs. 3-D	
		Clay objects	
		Photos of emerging, proficient, and advanced ex. of final product. Provide pre/post- instructional assessments.	
CREATE: Standard 3 Students will choose	and evaluate a range of subject matter, symbols, a	and ideas.	
Compositional Planning	Create a simple imaginative landscape that shows overlapping shapes, foreground, background, and horizon line.	Pre-instruction: landscape drawing. Post-instruction: drawn, collaged, and/or painted evidence of correct placement of foreground, background, and horizon line, and use of overlapping shapes.	Websites: National Gallery of Art-Kids <u>http://www.nga.gov/kids/</u> Jerry's Artarama <u>http://www.jerrysartarama.com/art-</u> <u>lessons/Medium/Watercolors/Watercolors-</u> <u>How-to-Paint-a-Desert-Landscape-Art-</u> <u>Projects-for-Kids.html</u>

	QUARTER 4				
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES		
	and the visual arts in relation to history and culture ct upon and assess the characteristics and merits o				
Historical Connections	Recognize that artists create the illusion of space and form.	<ul> <li>Verbal evidence of the identification of ways artists create the illusion of space and form:</li> <li>size</li> <li>overlapping</li> <li>placement of objects on the page</li> </ul>	Prints: Domino Players, Horace Pippin Fruit Displayed on a Stand, Gustave Caillebotte Refrigerator Pies, Wayne Thiebaud Obsession, Julian Stanczak		
Elements of Critique	Discuss the use of space in a 3-D object	Verbal evidence of the identification of ways space is used in a 3-D object +/			
CONNECT: Standard 6 Students will make co	onnections between visual arts and other discipline	S.			
CCSS.Math.Practice.MP4 Model with mathematics.	CCSS.Math.Content.K.G.A.3 Identify shapes as two-dimensional (lying in a plane, "flat") or three-dimensional ("solid").	Verbal evidence of correct identification of 2- dimensional and 3-dimensional images and objects in classroom.			
	Identify connections with science. (e.g. explain how clay is made in nature, etc.).	Verbal, illustrated or written evidence of a connection between art and science.			